

Source Code Rejuvenation is not Refactoring

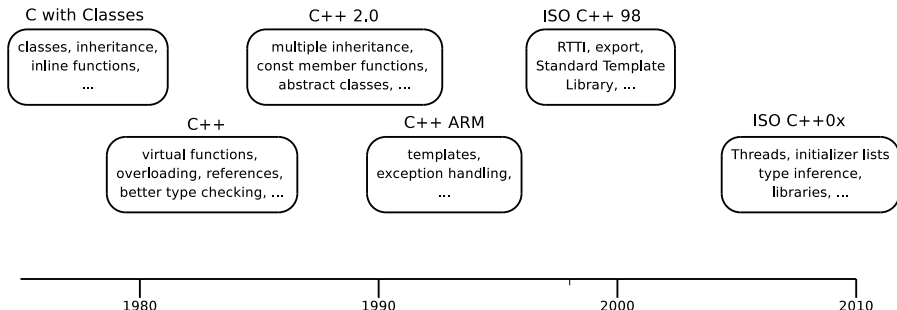
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Programming Language Evolution



Evolving a language in and for the real world: C++ 1991-2006. [Str07]

Overview

- 1 What is Source Code Rejuvenation?
- 2 Tool support for Rejuvenation
- 3 What is Refactoring?
- 4 Conclusion

What is Source Code Rejuvenation?

Definition

- Detection of outdated coding styles and idioms
- Automatic replacement of old code with modern language features or libraries.

Source Code Rejuvenation

Goals

- Preserve or *improve* a program's behavior
- Raise the level of abstraction in source code

Container Initialization in C++0x

C++0x Initializer List

```
// initializes a vector with 3 elements: 1, 2, 3  
vector<int> vec = {1, 2, 3};
```

concise, non-redundant code

Container Initialization in C++

Consecutive push_backs

```
vector<int> vec;  
vec.push_back(1);  
vec.push_back(2);  
vec.push_back(3);
```

repetitive code

Copying from an array

```
static const int a[] = {1, 2, 3};  
vector<int> vec(a, a+sizeof(a)/sizeof(int));  
!  
!
```

Container Initialization in C++

Consecutive push_backs

```
vector<int> vec;
```

```
vec.push_back(1);  
vec.push_back(2);  
vec.push_back(3);
```

*potentially inefficient code
(might trigger resize of the vector)*

Copying from an array

```
static const int a[] = {1, 2, 3};
```

```
vector<int> vec(a, a+sizeof(a)/sizeof(int));
```

```
!
```


Container Initialization in C++

Consecutive push_backs

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vector<int> vec;  
vec.push_back(1);  
vec.push_back(2);  
vec.push_back(3);
```

Copying from an array

```
static const int a[] = {1, 2, 3}; redundant type specification  
vector<int> vec(a, a+sizeof(a)/sizeof(int));
```

!

Container Initialization in C++

Consecutive push_backs

```
vector<int> vec;  
vec.push_back(1);  
vec.push_back(2);  
vec.push_back(3);
```

Copying from an array

```
static const int a[] = {1, 2, 3}; cumbersome range specification  
vector<int> vec(a, a+sizeof(a)/sizeof(int));  
!  
!
```

Source Code Rejuvenation

Goals

- Preserve or *improve* a program's behavior
- Raise the level of abstraction in source code

C++ Concepts - A Quick Introduction

Unconstrained code

```
template <class Iterator>
Iterator random_elem(Iterator first, Iterator last) {
    typename Iterator::difference len = distance(first, last);
    advance(first, rand()%len);
    return first;
}
```

C++ concepts specify syntactic and semantic properties

```
concept RandomElemIter <typename Iterator> {
    Iterator::Iterator(const Iterator&); // copy constructor
    typename Iterator::difference; // associated type
    Iterator::distance distance(Iterator&, Iterator&);
    void advance(Iterator&, Iterator::difference&);
    ...
}
```

```
template<RandomElemIter Iterator>
Iterator random_elem(Iterator first, Iterator last);
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```
template<RandomElemIter Iterator>
Iterator random_elem(Iterator first, Iterator last);
```


Concept Recovery

advance — Input iterator

```
template<class Iter, class Dist>
void advance(Iter& iterator, Dist dist, input_iterator_tag) {
    while (dist-->) ++iterator;
}
```

advance — Random access iterator

```
template<class Iter, class Dist>
void advance(Iter& iterator, Dist dist, random_access_iterator_tag) {
    iterator += dist;
}
```

Disjoint sets of constraints

Propagating requirements into random_elem

- Which advance exhibits minimal requirements?

Concept Recovery - w/ workaround analysis

advance — Input iterator

```
template<class Iter, class Dist>
void advance(Iter& iterator, Dist dist, input_iterator_tag) {
    while (dist--) ++iterator;
}
```

advance — Random access iterator

```
template<class Iter, class Dist>
void advance(Iter& iterator, Dist dist, random_access_iterator_tag) {
    iterator += dist;
}
```

*Workaround techniques
provide semantic information*

Propagating requirements into random_elem

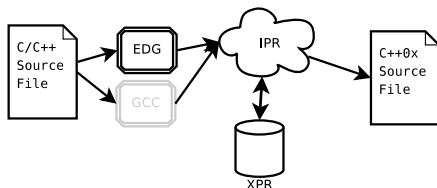
- Which advance exhibits minimal requirements?

Source Code Rejuvenation - Summary

Key Points

- Raises level of abstractions (lowers software entropy)
- Modern code is more concise (easier to read and maintain)
- Code rejuvenation can improve program behavior
- Code rejuvenation is directed

Tool support for Rejuvenation to C++0x - Pivot



The Pivot

- Industrial C++ Frontend
- Intermediate representation (IPR)
 - ▶ frontend independent
 - ▶ preserves high level details
 - ▶ ready for most C++0x features
- eXternal representation (XPR)
 - ▶ human read- and writable
 - ▶ 1:1 correspondence to IPR

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What is refactoring?

Re ◊ factoring

- Factor multiple reoccurring code into a single function

Broader Definition

- An automatic and behavior preserving code transformation that improves source code that was subject to gradual structural deterioration over its life time. [OJ93]

Broader Definition

- Improves the design of existing code [FBB⁺99]

Refactoring Examples

Repeated (user driven) maintenance tasks

- Class specification \leftrightarrow Class generalization [Opd92]
- Towards pattern \leftrightarrow Away from patterns [Ker04]

*Task oriented
(refactorings may be undirected)*

Refactoring Examples (cont'd)

Elimination of bad code

- Code smells
- Anti-pattern

Refactoring versus Rejuvenation

	Source Code Rejuvenation	Refactoring
Transformation	Source-to-source	Source-to-source
Behavior preserving	Behavior <i>improving</i>	Behavior preserving
Directed	yes Raises the level of abstraction	no
Drivers	Language / library evolution	Feature extensions Design changes
Indicators	Workaround techniques / idioms	Code smells Anti-patterns
Applications	One-time source code migration	Recurring maintenance tasks

Thank You!

